S1872-1

Georgia Department of Corrections
FY 1989 Annual Report

Table of Contents

Admissions/Departures/Escapes ____ 11

Admissions to Prison ____ 13

Average Daily Population ____ 12

Costs Per Inmate Day ____ 16

Facilities List ____ 20

Felony Admissions ____ 14

Georgia Correctional Industries ____ 19

Inmate & Probation Facilities Map ____ 10

Misdemeanant Admissions ____ 15

Organizational Chart ____ 7

Overview ____ 8

Probation ____ 17

Profile of Inmates in Prison ____ 25

Programmatic Costs Per Inmate ____ 12

Message from the Commissioner

The Honorable Joe Frank Harris
Governor of Georgia
and
The Georgia General Assembly
Atlanta, Georgia 30334

Dear Governor Harris
and Members of the General Assembly:

I am pleased to submit the Annual Report for the Department of Corrections for Fiscal Year 1989. The inmate and probation population continue to grow at unprecedented rates, and the department's efforts to meet the resulting challenges in the near term and in the long run are indicated in this report.

With your help in FY 1989, the department was able to add more than 1,600 urgently-needed prison beds in less than six months' time, an achievement that was the product of a level of teamwork and determination seldom seen before in state government.

Thanks to your thorough understanding of the concept of a balanced approach to corrections, work was begun on a new 200-bed shock incarceration probation center (Georgia's third), and funding was provided for completion and startup of new detention and diversion centers to house probationers in a neighborhood setting.

Meanwhile, appropriations were secured to continue work on three large state prisons under construction that eventually will provide space for more than 2,200 offenders.

In summary, by working shoulder to shoulder during FY 1989, we were able to take significant steps toward achieving our mission as defined by the people of Georgia: to do everything possible to make sure there is appropriate space available to confine, rehabilitate or punish hardened criminals, while providing Georgia's judges with an innovative array of alternatives to prisons for those offenders who qualify.

Commissioner Bobby K. Whitworth

While we know the challenges of the 1990s will test our mettle and further stretch our resources, the teamwork we exhibited throughout the 1980s reassures us that we have the right stuff to meet - and beat - the tests of the coming decade.

I look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

Bobby K. Whitworth
Commissioner

Introduction

The Georgia Department of Corrections and the Board of Corrections, working closely with the governor and General Assembly, reinforced its commitment to the people of Georgia in fiscal year 1989 by renewing its pledge that whether it takes more bricks, bars and barbed wire or progressive probation options, the public must be kept safe from convicted criminals.

The vow was not made of idle words, but was backed by money and resolve. Georgia in FY 1989 embarked on an aggressive building program in a crash effort to add more than 3,000 new beds at a cost of $41 million.

The FY 1989 plan was to relieve as soon as possible some of the system's dire overcrowding problems until a host of large new prisons could be built in the decade of the 1990s in anticipation of massive growth in the criminal population by the year 2000.

Georgians, through their legislators, said at the beginning of FY 1989 that they simply had had enough. They wanted convicted criminals dealt with, and they wanted overcrowding in their local jails eased.

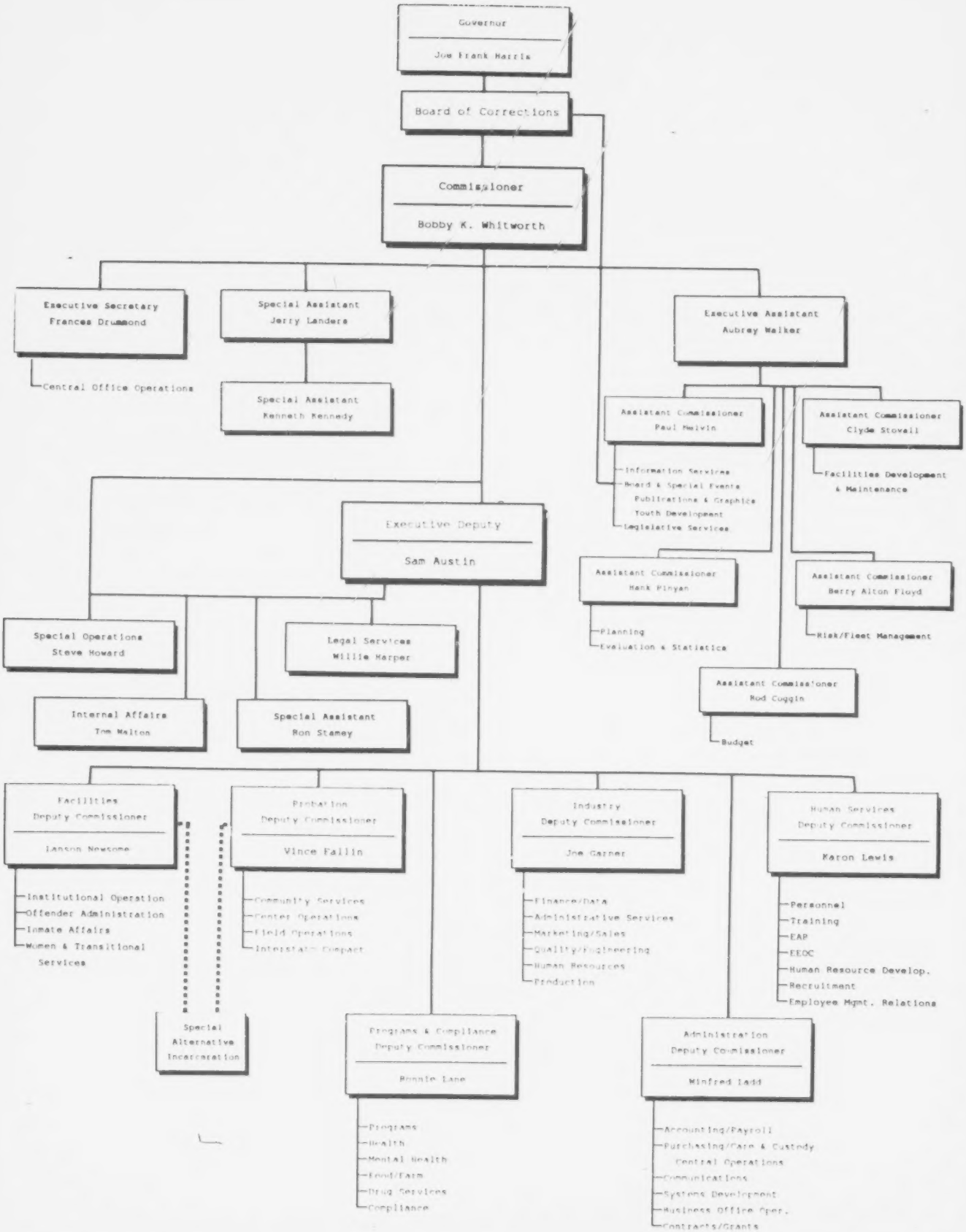
The corrections department and the legislature, hearing the people's message, put new bedspace on such an imperative construction schedule that David C. Evans, then commissioner of Corrections, remarked that the name of his organization easily could be changed to the Department of Construction.

At the same time as the crash construction program was progressing, the probation arm of the corrections department was moving aggressively to implement new programs and streamline existing efforts to oversee the semi-confinement or supervision of more than 110,000 persons serving sentences outside the prison setting.

In FY 1989, start up funds were provided for four new low-security detention centers and one diversion center to house a total of 600 offenders outside prison.

Thus, while Georgians understand the need for a probation system that offers appropriate options to prison for some categories of lawbreakers, citizens showed in FY 1989 they are willing to support the bricks-and-mortar approach to corrections in order to confine and punish the high-risk classes of offenders.

The Georgia Department of Corrections, with its staff of almost 10,000 dedicated professionals, moved swiftly in FY 1989 to carry out that two-pronged mandate of the people, wisely keeping one eye on the challenges to be met in future years.



BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Overview

Fiscal Year 1989 will be remembered by executives and staff of the Georgia Department of Corrections as the year they looked into their crystal ball and were privileged to catch a telling glimpse of the future.

What they saw was alarming. While the prison population in Georgia had averaged just over 18,000 throughout FY 1988, projections predicted the inmate population would burgeon to more than 19,500 by the end of FY 1989. They were right.

However, as troubling as the short-term growth numbers were, the longer-range projections seen through the smoky glass were not only startling, but frightening. Researchers and planners with the department learned that if present drug-related crime and sentencing trends remain the same, there will be over 59,900 prison beds needed in Georgia by the year 2000.

The numbers vividly depicted for the seers the urgent nature of the prison emergency in Georgia: with its 84 varying facilities now barely equipped to handle some 20,000 prisoners, how would Georgia deal with the need to house an estimated 32,000 more in the next decade?

The tables, charts and graphs on the following pages will show the FY 1989 workload at the Department of Corrections, but they do not begin to tell the story of how the department has begun to prepare to manage the flood tide of offenders expected to be washing over it in the 1990s and beyond.

However, reacting to the obvious crisis, plans were made and $41 million appropriated in FY 1989 to construct a new 800 bed medium security prison in Washington County and a 200 bed boot-camp style prison in Treutlen County.

Put on a fast-track schedule to add 200 beds each (except Rogers CI in Reidsville, which added 400 beds) to their existing facilities plants were Coastal Correctional Institution, the Georgia Diagnostic and Classification Center in Jackson, Georgia Women's Correctional Institution in Hardwick, Central Correctional Institution in Macon, Lowndes CI and Ware CI.

Also, a new facility for women was built in Milan that will house 150 female offenders.

While all of this new construction was put on the fast-track funding schedule designed to make space available to offenders as quickly as within six months, the use of the new prison in Washington County was about two years away.

The peek into the future produced other areas in which there was a high level of concern. It became obvious in FY 1989 the cost of incarcerating offenders in the prison of the future will continue to rise drastically, driven not only by factors such as inflation, but by the need for specialized treatment for an ever-enlarging category of lawbreaker infected with AIDS or addicted to drugs, alcohol or both. In FY 1989, $1.5 million was appropriated to pay for special housing and handling for HIV positive inmates for part of the year only, with more to come later.

From an estimated cost of just over $34 a day per inmate in 1988, the cost of incarceration jumped in FY 1989 to at least $40 per day per inmate. Thus,

Georgians at the end of FY 1989 were paying about $14,600 yearly to house and feed each and every inmate in the general population.

Meanwhile, the department's efforts aimed at making the offender pay for his or her supervision or rehabilitation outside the prison setting were being expanded and enhanced in FY 1989. The eight programs administered by the Division of Probation expanded their caseload from a total of 120,948 in FY 1988 to 129,331 in FY 1989, which resulted in an equally-great increase in the amount of money offenders earned on probation programs and were able to pay back to society in the form of restitution.

Probationers in FY 1989 paid direct restitution of more than $5.76 million to victims, up more than $700,000 from the previous fiscal year. They also paid fines totaling $23.6 million and child support of more than $10.2 million, while their community service work was valued at $5.72 million.

In all, Georgia probationers in FY 1989 paid into the system some $45.3 million that otherwise would have come out of the pockets of Georgia taxpayers.

Detention centers, which are residential settings designed for low-security inmates, were started up in Evans, Laurens, Taylor and Union counties, each having the capacity to house between 100 and 150 offenders who are to make partial restitution to society through unpaid community service work details.

In Chatham County, the startup of a 50 bed diversion center provided those offenders renting space there the opportunity to work at regular jobs in the community while attending self-improvement classes at the center when not working.

In FY 1989, Georgia's 18 diversion centers charged offenders $1.77 million in room and board. Obviously, more are being planned.

Increased emphasis was placed on Georgia Correctional Industries programs in FY 1989 as well, because the division has such potential to help offset the cost of general operations. Through its 14 manufacturing operations, the division was able to generate more than $16 million in sales to the state in FY 1989, returning annually about $84,000 to the treasury after expenses.

Also during the year, approximately 900 inmates were involved in numerous farming programs scattered across the state. Those operations helped offset the rising cost of incarceration and gave offenders the opportunity to learn a trade or profession while paying their debt to society.

Although FY 1989 will not go down in history as a record year for dollar value of construction (that distinction appears to have been reserved for FY 1990 and FY 1991), it will be remembered as the red-flag year in which the Georgia Department of Corrections saw the future and stepped forward boldly to meet it.

Georgia Department of Corrections

Inmate & Probation Facilities

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

FY89 ADMISSIONS TO PRISON

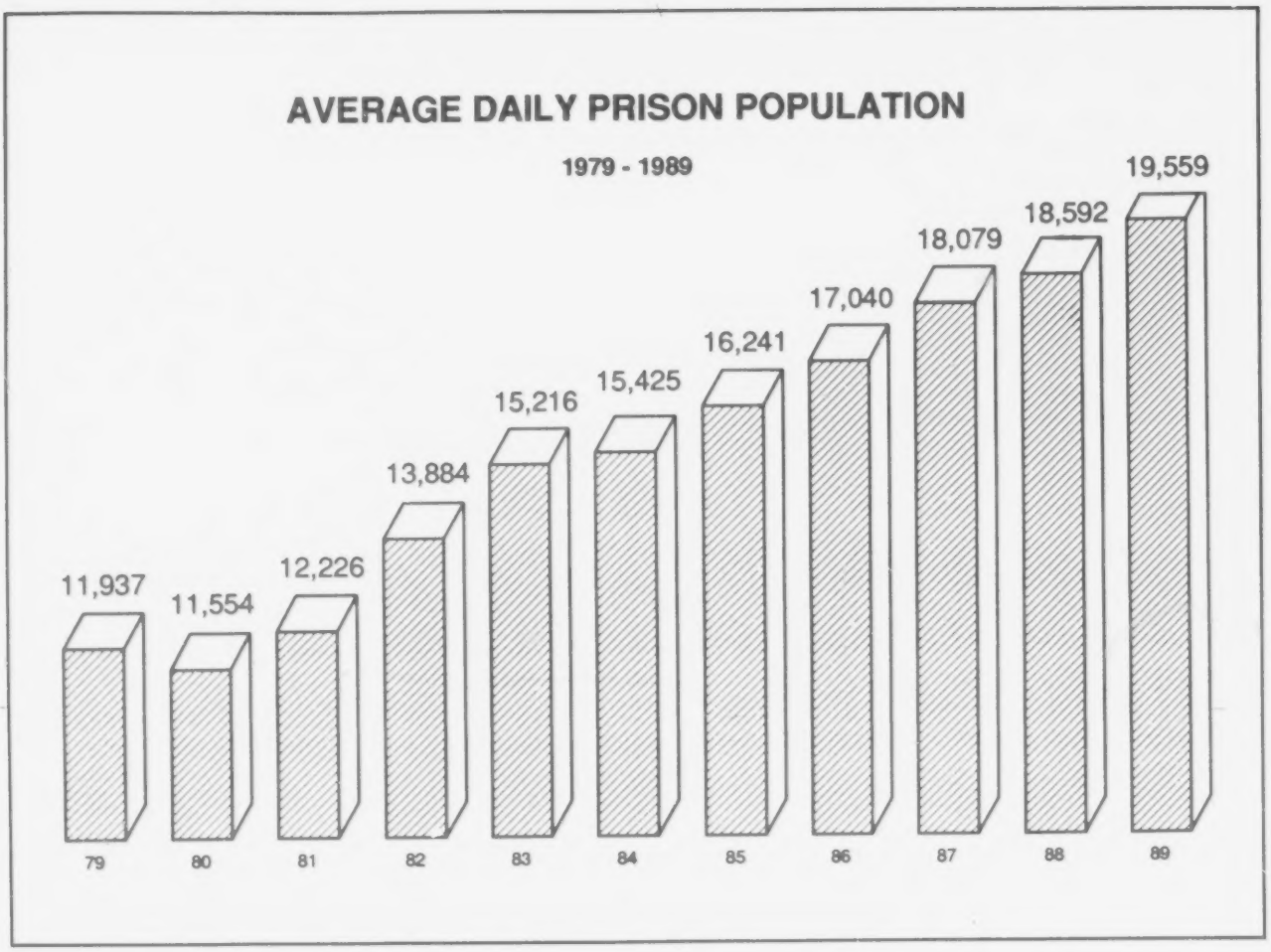
	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	TOT
NEW ADMISSIONS FROM COURT	656	669	821	554	564	560	537	644	850	737	1066	1269	8927
SHOCK INCARCERATION	63	64	65	71	66	60	82	58	59	72	74	115	849
PAROLE REVOCATIONS (NEW SENTENCE)	110	154	207	119	112	147	146	195	248	166	279	377	2260
PAROLE REVOCATIONS (NO NEW SENTENCE)	30	37	49	28	28	23	41	52	43	27	49	64	471
PROBATION REVOCATIONS (PARTIAL)	72	69	108	60	75	79	99	72	122	105	119	167	1147
PROBATION REVOCATIONS (REMAINDER)	121	141	168	97	81	84	113	114	160	128	231	337	1775
TOTAL	1052	1134	1418	929	926	953	1018	1135	1482	1235	1818	2329	15429

FY89 DEPARTURES FROM PRISON

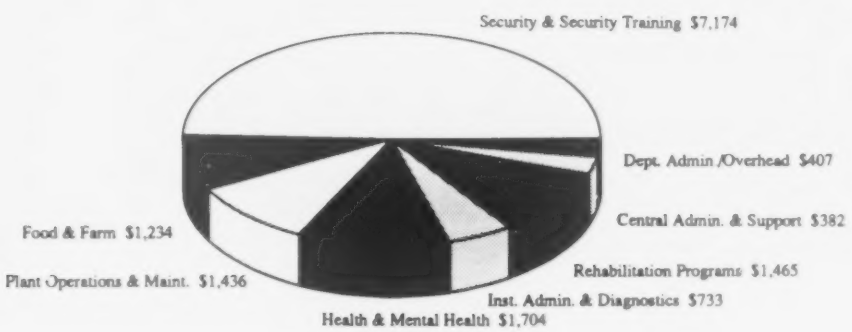
	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	TOT
GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY RELEASE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	371	279	950
PAROLED	520	625	545	493	506	613	621	645	739	626	657	544	7134
PAROLED TO ANOTHER STATE	20	36	37	39	25	46	28	34	48	34	53	58	458
SPECIAL REPRIEVE	5	5	1	9	55	49	46	25	42	0	1	1	239
SUPERVISED REPRIEVE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	257	542	628	1427
AMMENDED OR REMITTED TO PROBATION BY COURT	9	10	6	3	3	4	8	3	4	7	5	22	84
REMITTED TO PROBATION BY PAROLE BOARD	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SUSPENDED SENTENCE	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CONDITIONAL TRANSFER	21	23	25	23	15	12	9	17	21	27	56	36	285
SENTENCE EXPIRED	143	184	148	174	162	147	142	172	178	158	173	163	1944
COMMUTED BY PAROLE BOARD	520	156	414	99	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1192
COMMUTED BY THE COURT	2	3	5	0	7	2	3	3	0	8	3	3	39
SPECIAL ALTERNATIVE INCARCERATION SUCCESSFUL COMPLETITION	57	55	56	68	58	59	87	52	41	76	60	49	718
OTHER	3	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
TOTAL	945	951	1074	1493	1923	1784	1298	1097	1237	908	831	933	14474

FY89 ESCAPES/APPREHENSION

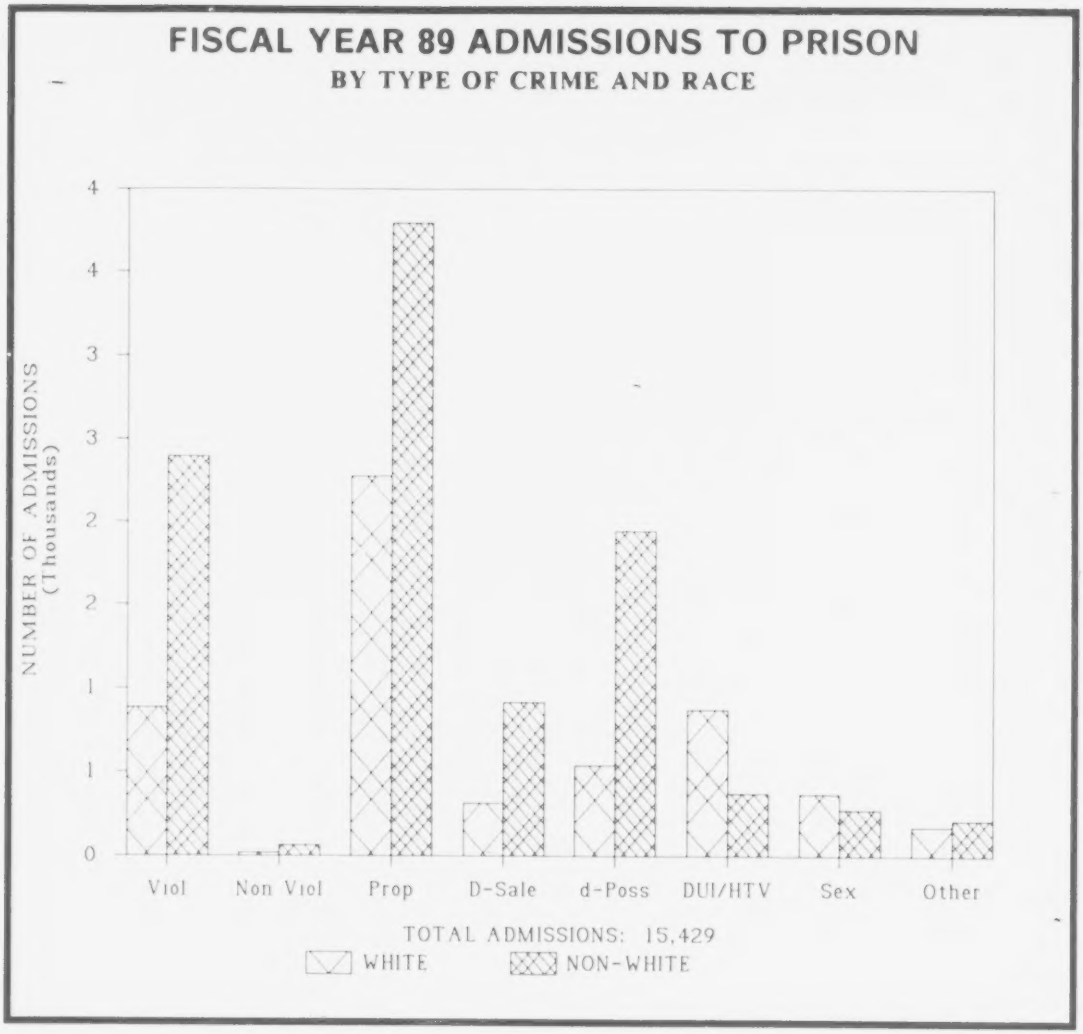
	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	TOL
ESCAPES	27	12	21	10	9	13	8	11	10	16	9	10	156
APPREHENDED SAME MONTH OF ESCAPE	14	9	13	8	7	7	6	6	5	8	6	3	92
TOTAL APPREHENDED (ESCAPED THIS MONTH OR IN A PRIOR MONTH)	19	17	15	12	13	12	12	8	9	11	13	8	149

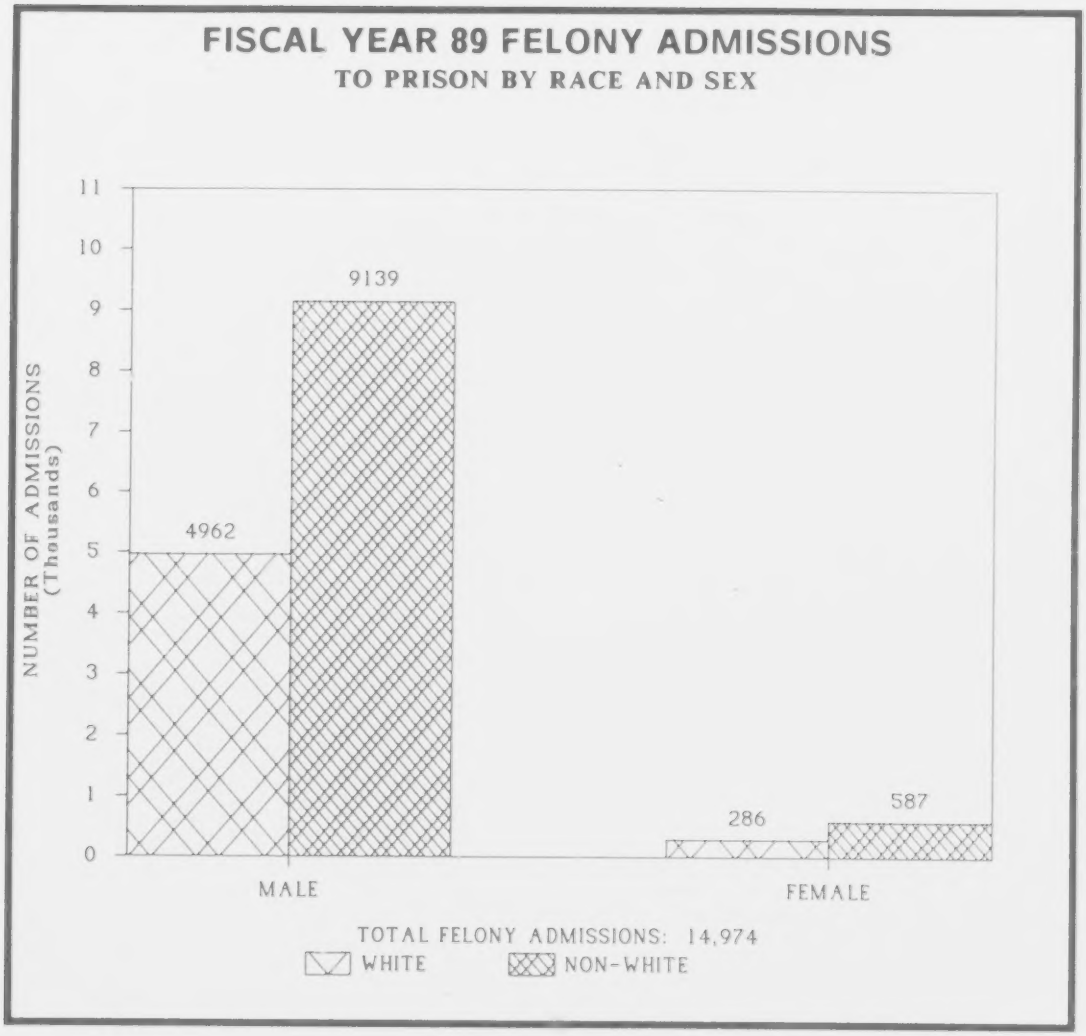


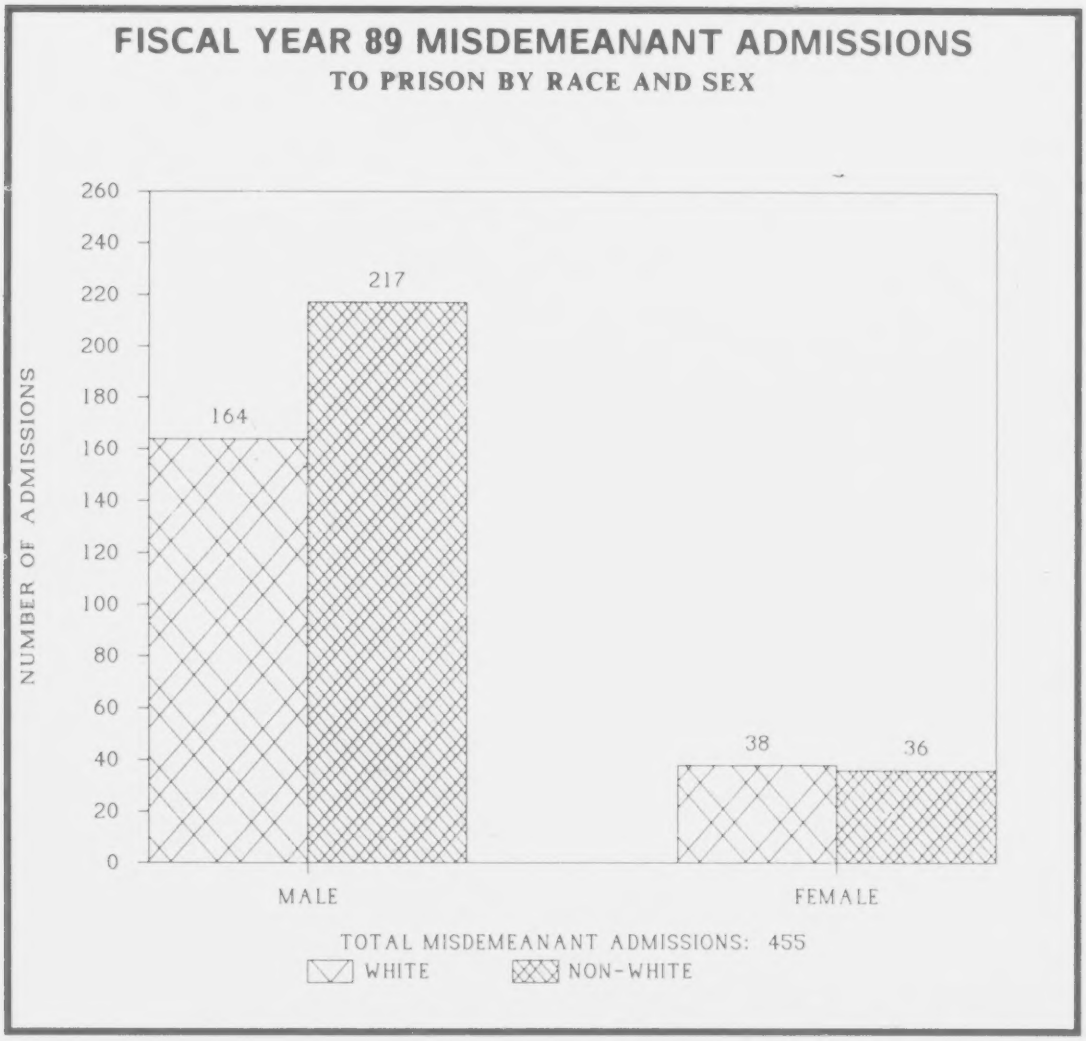
Programmatic Costs Per Inmate
FY89
Total $14,535


Security & Security Training $7,174
Dept. Admin./Overhead $407
Central Admin. & Support $382
Rehabilitation Programs $1,465
Inst. Admin. & Diagnostics $733
Health & Mental Health $1,704
Plant Operations & Maint. $1,436
Food & Farm $1,234

Daily Costs	
Security & Security Training	$19.65
Food & Farm	3.38
Plant Operations & Maint.	3.93
Health & Mental Health	4.67
Inst. Admin. & Diagnostics	2.01
Rehabilitation Programs	4.01
Central Admin. & Support	1.05
Depart. Admin./Overhead	1.12
Total Excluding Capital Outlay	39.82
Estimated Capital Outlay Costs	1.92
Total Including Capital Outlay	$41.74


FISCAL YEAR 89 ADMISSIONS TO PRISON
BY TYPE OF CRIME AND RACE
NUMBER OF ADMISSIONS
(Thousands)
4
4
3
3
2
2
1
1
0
Viol
Non Viol
Prop
D-Sale
d-Poss
DUI/HTV
Sex
Other
TOTAL ADMISSIONS: 15,429
WHITE
NON-WHITE


FISCAL YEAR 89 FELONY ADMISSIONS
TO PRISON BY RACE AND SEX
NUMBER OF ADMISSIONS (Thousands)
11
10
9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
1
0
9139
4962
286
587
MALE
FEMALE
TOTAL FELONY ADMISSIONS: 14,974
WHITE
NON-WHITE


FISCAL YEAR 89 MISDEMEANANT ADMISSIONS
TO PRISON BY RACE AND SEX
NUMBER OF ADMISSIONS
260
240
220
200
180
160
140
120
100
80
60
40
20
0
164
217
38
36
MALE
FEMALE
TOTAL MISDEMEANANT ADMISSIONS: 455
WHITE
NON-WHITE

Cost Per Inmate Day

Institution	Avg. Count	Inmate Days	Total Costs ($)	Cost/Day* ($)
A.L. Burruss CI	290	105,850	5,279,719	49.88
Augusta CMI**	704	256,960	18,230,861	70.95
Central CI	534	194,910	6,950,591	35.66
Coastal CI	742	270,830	9,663,852	35.68
Dodge CI	653	238,345	7,510,085	31.51
Ga. Diag. & Class. Ctr.	1,742	635,830	17,876,509	28.12
Ga. Industrial Institute	1,619	590,935	21,210,482	35.89
Georgia State Prison	960	350,400	25,868,995	73.83
Ga. Training & Development Ctr.	262	95,630	4,416,458	46.18
Lee CI	626	228,490	7,320,990	32.04
Lowndes CI	123	44,895	511,994	11.40
Metro CI	693	252,945	8,486,959	33.55
MGCI - Bostick CI	554	202,210	6,453,997	31.92
MGCI - Men's CI	602	219,730	6,986,617	31.80
MGCI - Rivers CI	928	338,720	12,219,318	36.07
MGCI - Women's CI	720	262,800	9,718,618	36.98
MGCI - Frank Scott CI	938	342,370	12,171,903	35.55
Milan Women's Ctr.	NA	0	471,577	0
Montgomery CI	422	154,030	5,286,422	34.32
Putnam CI	120	43,800	1,915,616	43.74
Rogers CI	569	207,685	7,424,227	35.75
Rutledge CI	566	206,590	7,933,785	38.40
Stone Mountain CI	221	80,665	2,820,802	34.97
Valdosta CI	339	123,735	7,139,396	57.70
Walker CI	322	117,530	3,947,330	33.59
Ware CI	244	89,060	7,484,288	84.04
Wayne CI	185	67,525	2,578,873	38.19
Total	15,678	5,722,470	227,880,261	39.82

* Add $1.92 per day for capital outlay construction costs.

** Medical support location

Probation

The probation portion of the Department of Corrections plays the role of counterweight for the agency's doctrine of a "balanced approach to incarceration." With imprisonment as one option, Georgia's probation program offers jurists a veritable smorgasbord of community-based alternatives. Given the tremendous number of individuals assigned to probation caseloads, varying degrees or levels of supervision have been developed to best govern these non-incarcerated lifestyles:

—Basic Probation: With well over 100,000 people assigned to this level, supervision by staff is maintained through several plans:

a) Maximum —3 contacts per month; two field contacts
b) High-monthly face-to-face; one field contact
c) Medium —Monthly telephone contact; quarterly face-to-face contact
d) Minimum —Monthly telephone contact
e) Financial —Child support payments (weekly and monthly)
f) Administrative —Cases that with court approval receive no direct probation supervision
g) Other —Includes new cases pending classification and those who have absconded or who are serving concurrent prison sentences.

—Community Service: In many cases involving alcohol offenders, petty felony offenses, misdemeanors, et al., special probation supervision has been established where the offender maintains his job during the week and reports to his probation officer on weekends for work in and around the community. For others, this community service work could be performed during the week, still under probation supervision. Any project benefiting the community is screened for appropriateness for this free labor force.

—House Arrest-Electronic Surveillance: Considered the new kid on the block, this program is being tested in various areas of the state and requires the probationer to wear an electronic bracelet where his activities can be monitored and his whereabouts verified. Added sophistication to the system allows the probation officer to verify intoxication via telephonic analysis of the subject's breath.

—Intensive Probation Supervision (IPS): In order to add stricter accountability to street probation, this program was developed to provide closely monitored supervision to those probationers deemed most likely to stray from their probation guidelines. By teaming a probation officer and a surveillance officer together and given a caseload of no more than 25, the agency hopes to provide maximum supervision to that element of its caseload where something just short of incarceration is warranted.

—Diversion Centers: The mission of community diversion centers is to provide a structured residential facility program for offenders who would otherwise have received prison sentences. This is done by providing housing for probationers during the night, and having him or her report to job sites during the day. Paychecks are turned in each week and room and board, fines, restitution, family support and personal maintenance costs are deducted. Counseling and rehabilitative services are provided at the centers during the evenings.

—Special Alternative Incarceration (Shock Incarceration): Probably nothing in the field of corrections has caught on so dramatically as has this program of military style basic training. Incarcerated within a prison compound, these relatively young (17-25) first-time incarcerants serve 90 days in a program based on instilling the work ethic and appreciation of the rights of others, primarily their victims.

—Probation Detention Centers: Modeled along the lines of "shock incarceration" units, these centers offer the habitual traffic offender, the drunk driver and probation violators the option to serve 120 days in a minimum security setting rather than a regular prison. The atmosphere is work intensive, with evening hours set aside for drug and alcohol counseling.

Basic Probation Supervision

Level	Number	Percentage
Intensive	2,100	2
Maximum	5,036	4
High	16,607	13
Medium	24,586	20
Minimum	36,445	28
Administrative	31,884	20
Financial	5,034	7
Other	7,639	6
Total	129,381	100

Community Service Facts

Number of probationers ordered community service	16,243
Number of hours completed by probationers	1,708,331
Approximate labor value for community service work performed in communities (calculated at minimum wage of $3.35 per hour)	$5,711,908

Workload Statistics

Total amount of restitution	$5,767,660
Total amount of fines	$23,629,743
Total amount of child support	$10,272,045
Total Collections	**$39,669,488**
Revocations	
Technical	1,770
New crime/conviction	2,276
New crime/no conviction	1,373
Total Revocations	**5,419**
Absconders	
Tolled	5,099
Non-tolled	234
Total Absconders	**5,333**

Other Workload Statistics

Long form presentence investigation	5,348
Short form presentence investigation	6,882
Record checks	116,043
Court time (hours)	137,925
URESA cases	4,835

Diversion Centers Earnings and Disbursements

Total number of centers	18
Total number served	3,567
Resident gross earnings	$6,237,380
Resident taxes paid	$1,169,399
Resident room and board	$1,776,663
Resident dependent support	$57,437
Resident payment of restitution	$286,124
Resident payment of court fines	$1,154,548
Resident community service	116,270 hrs.

Georgia Correctional Industries

As a component of the state's prison system, Georgia Correctional Industries (GCI) is a public corporation, wholly owned by the state, which manufacturers products and supplies utilizing skilled inmate labor. Although state owned, GCI maintains its operation and planned growth patterns from revenues derived from its sales and services. Currently 14 manufacturing facilities statewide produce marketable items generating over $16,000,000 in sales for FY89.

By utilizing inmate labor in its production phases, GCI can manufacture numerous items at greater cost savings than can outside companies. Consequently, GCI's market is, by law, restricted to governmental agencies and educational units. There is no involvement with sales to private industry and business. The operation of GCI is not only profitable to the state, but is of great benefit to the 902 inmates involved in the production phases.

Again by law, inmates under the supervision of the Georgia Department of Corrections cannot be paid for their labor. However, the skills and experience gained with the Industries programs have proved most marketable for inmates released back into the community. This experience is further augmented by the accreditation they receive from state vocational schools for their participation within the programs.

The chart below outlines the diversification of GCI and the availability of work for interested inmates.

Facility	Product Line	Inmates
Lowndes CI Valdosta, GA	Chemicals	22
Georgia State Prison Reidsville, GA	Metal Fabrication Park Furniture License Plates	109
Walker CI Rock Springs, GA	Metal Fabrication	95
Dodge CI Chester, GA	Wood Furniture	108
Colony Farm Hardwick, GA	Garments	395
Montgomery CI Mt. Vernon, GA	Signs/Decals Concrete Products Upholstery	132
Stone Mountain CI Tucker, GA	Printing	41

Georgia Department of Corrections Facilities List

State Institutions

Augusta Correctional/Medical Institution
3001 Gordon Highway
Grovetown, GA 30813
404/860-8920
Gist: 336-8920
Supt.: Gene Scroggy
Capacity 635
Security Level: Close/med/min

Bostick Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 1700
Hardwick, GA 31034
912/453-4623
GIST: 324-4623
Supt.: Jim Wharton
Capacity 500 males
Security Level: Medium

A.L. Burruss Correctional Training Center
P.O. Box 4350
Forsyth, GA 31029-0696
912/994-5849
GIST: 262-4252
Supt.: Johnny Sikes
Capacity 300
Security level: Medium

Central Correctional Institution
4600 Fulton Mill Rd.
Macon, GA 31213
912/471-2906
Gist: 323-2906
Supt.: Truett Goodwin
Capacity 546
Security Level: Close

Coastal Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 7150
Garden City, GA 31048
912/964-9330
Gist: 335-9330
Supt.: Pat Donaldson
Capacity 958
Security Level: Max (diagnostic fac.)

Dodge Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 276
Chester, GA 31012
912/358-4801
Supt.: Bob Sharpe
Capacity 704
Security Level: Close/Med/Min

Georgia Diagnostic & Classification Center
P.O. Box 3877
Jackson, GA 30233
404/775-3161
Gist: 254-6011
Supt.: Walter Zant
Capacity 1381
Security Level: Maximum (diagnostic fac.)

Georgia Industrial Institute
P.O. Box 709
Alto, GA 30510
404/776-4700
Gist: 243-4700
Supt.: Barry Gaither
Capacity 1443
Security level: Maximum

Georgia State Prison
Star Route
Reidsville, GA 30453
912/557-4301
Gist: 367-4011
Supt.: Jerry Thomas
Capacity 956
Security Level: Maximum

Georgia Training & Development Center
2989 W. Rock Quarry Road
Buford, GA 30518
404/945-1301
Supt.: Rick Abbott
Capacity 240
Security level: Medium

Lee Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 399
Leesburg, GA 31763
912/759-6453
Gist: 341-4373
Supt.: Ira Kelso
Capacity: 640
Security level: Close

Lowndes Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 5367
Valdosta, GA 31603-5367
912/245-6450
Gist: 349-6450
Supt.: Leland Linahan
Capacity 100
Security level: Medium

Men's Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 396
Hardwick, GA 31034
912/453-4702
Gist: 324-4702
Supt.: Larry Hurt
Capacity: 729
Security levels: Close/Med/Min

Metro Correctional Institution
1301 Constitution Rd.
Atlanta, GA 30316
404/624-1411
Supt.: Mary Esposito
Capacity 693
Security Level: Close

Montgomery Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 256
Mount Vernon, GA 30445
912/583-2286
Supt.: Robert Manville
Capacity 425
Security Level: Close

Putnam Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 71
Eatonton, GA 31024
404/485-3301
Supt.: Herman Johnson
Capacity 100
Security level: Medium

Rivers' Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 1500
Hardwick, GA 31034
912/453-4591
Gist: 324-4591
Supt.: Calvin Green
Capacity 880
Security Level: Medium

Rogers Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 5300
Reidsville, GA 30453
912/557-4771
Supt.: Jimmy Sikes
Capacity: 596
Security level: Medium, min.

Rutledge Correctional Institution
7175 Manor Road
Columbus, GA 31907
404/568-2340
Gist: 251-2340
Supt.: Paul Ford
Capacity 580
Security level: Close

Frank C. Scott Correctional Institution
(Formerly Youthful Offender Correctional Institution)
P.O. Box 417
Hardwick, GA 31034
912/453-5375
Gist: 324-5375
Supt.: Grady Lewis
Capacity 874
Security level: Medium

Stone Mountain Correctional Institution
5500 Venable Street
Stone Mountain, GA 30083
404/469-1406
Supt.: Garrison Parker
Capacity 228
Security level: Medium

Valdosta Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 310
Valdosta, GA 31603-5385
919/333-7900
Supt.: David Thompson
Capacity 500
Security level: Medium

Walker Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 98
Rock Springs, GA 30739
404/764-1926
Supt.: Tom Jones (Acting)
Capacity 324
Security level: Close

Ware Correctional Institution
3620 Harris Road
Waycross, GA 31051
912/285-6400
Gist: 368-6400
Supt.: Doug Williams
Capacity 500
Security level: Close

Wayne Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 1545
Odum, GA 31555
912/586-2244
Supt.: Thomas Wallace
Capacity 192
Security level: Close

Women's Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 218
Hardwick, GA 31034
912/453-5218
Gist: 324-5218
Supt.: Gary Black
Capacity 660
Security level: Maximum

County Institutions

Bulloch County Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 1085
Statesboro, GA 30458
912/764-6217
Acting Warden: John Akins
Capacity 90

Carroll County Correctional Institution
502 Old Newman Rd.
Carrollton, GA 30117
404/832-3939
Warden: David Milsap
Capacity 135

Clarke County Correctional Institution
2825 County Farm Road
Athens, GA 30610
404/354-2900
Warden: Charles Greenway
Capacity: 135

Colquitt County Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 339
Moultrie, GA 31768
912/985-3331
Warden: Leland Dampier

Coweta County Correctional Institution
1 Selt Road
Newnan, GA 30263
404/253-0794
Warden: Duke Blackburn
Capacity 100

Decatur County Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 1218
Bainbridge, Ga 31717
912/248-3036
Warden: Wayne Holt
Capacity: 200

Effingham County Correctional Institution
Springfield, GA 31329
912/754-6071, Ext. 108
Warden: Louis Davis, Jr.
Capacity: 50

Floyd County Correctional Institution
329 Black's Bluff Road
Rome, GA 30161
404/234-7549
Warden: Warner Hammond (Acting)
Capacity 160 (with plans for 210)

Fulton County Correctional Institution
1101 Jefferson Street, N.W.
Atlanta, GA 30318
404/875-6454
Warden: Alfred Pierce

Gilmer County Correctional Institution
Cartecay Road
Ellijay, GA 30540
404/635-6102
Warden: Frank Stott

Gwinnett County Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 47
Lawrenceville, GA 30246
404/995-2890
Acting Warden: Michael Barkhurst
Capacity 232

Hall County Correctional Institution
Route 3, Box 110 A
Gainesville, GA 30501
404/536-3672
Warden: Ralph Suggs, Jr.
Capacity 218

Harris County Correctional Institution
Route 2, Box 355
Hamilton, GA 31811
404/628-4959
Warden: Jimmy Evans
Capacity: 55

Houston County Correctional Institution
Kings Chapel Road
Perry, Ga 31069
912/987-1477
Warden: Larry Fairchild
Capacity: 104

Jackson County Correctional Institution
Route 3, Box 247
Jefferson, GA 30549
404/367-5287
Warden: Joe Dalton

Jefferson County Correctional Institution
Route 1, Box 9A
Louisville, GA 30434
912//625-7230
Warden: George T. Smith

Meriwether County Correctional Institution
Route 3, Box 3
Greenville, GA 30222
404/672-4433
Warden: Fred Smith
Capacity: 76

Mitchell County Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 191
Camilla, GA 31730
912/336-5691
Warden: Bruce Shiver
Capacity: 80

Muscogee County Correctional Institution
3950 Schatulga Road
Columbus, GA 31907
404/561-3220
Warden: Willard Ivey
Capacity: 240

Richmond County Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 5259
Augusta, GA 30906
404/798-5572
Warden: Robert Leverett (Acting)
Capacity: 225

Screven County Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 377
Sylvania, GA 30467
912/863-4555
Warden: Allen Mixson

Spalding County Correctional Institution
1515 Williamson Road
Griffin, GA 30233
404/228-2946
Warden: Arsene C. Massac
Capacity: 114

Stewart County Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 157
Lumpkin, GA 31815
912/838-4385
Warden: Jimmy Babb

Sumter County Correctional Institution
P.O. Box 484
Americus, GA 31709
912/924-6066
Warden: James W. McClung
Capacity: 141

Terrell County Correctional Institution
Route 5, Box 38

Dawson, Ga 31742
912/995-5381
Warden: Alan Rayburn (Acting)
Capacity: 55

Thomas County Correctional Institution
Route 1, Box 302
Thomasville, GA 31792
912/226-8933
Warden: Johnny Mack Brown
Capacity: 100

Troup County Correctional Institution
Hamilton Road
LaGrange, GA 30240
404/883-1720
Warden: Billy Ledford
Capacity: 80 (state) 26 (county) 69 (jail)

Upson County Correctional Institution
2440 Yatesville Highway
Thomaston, GA 30286
404/647-7452
Warden: W.R. Cochran
Capacity: 70

Transitional Centers

Albany Transitional Center
1306 S. Slappey
Colony Square South, Suite J
Albany, GA 31701
912/430-4276
Capacity: 150
Supt.: Tom Stevens

Atlanta Advancement Center
310 Ponce de Leon Ave., NE
Atlanta, GA 30308
404/894-4277 or 4273
Gist: 222-4277 or 4273
Supt.: James Doctor
Maximum capacity: 156 males
Security level: Minimum

Macon Transitional Center
1100 Second Street
Macon, Ga 31201
912/751-6090 or 6225
Gist: 321-6090
Supt.: Art Gavin
Maximum capacity 128
Security level: Minimum

Metro Transitional Center
1303 Constitution Road
Atlanta, Ga 30316
404/656-5375
Gist: 221-5375
Supt.: Mary Lewis
Maximum capacity: 147 females
Security level: Minimum

Milan Women's Center
P.O. Box 410
Milan, GA 31060
912/362-4295
Supt: Rose Renfroe
Capacity 200
Security level: Med/min

Savannah Transitional Center
439 East Broad Street
Savannah, GA 31401
912/651-2268
Gist: 361-2268
Supt.: Garvis McElroy
Maximum Capacity: 75 males
Age limits: 17 and up
Security level: Minimum

Diversion Centers

Albany Diversion Center
2123 Reid St., Turner Field
Albany, GA 31705
912/439-4309
Gist: 341-4309
Supt.: A. Don Chandler
Capacity 65

Alcovy Diversion Center
P.O. Box 1600
Monroe, GA 30655
404/267-7387
Supt.: Sam Wheeler
Capacity: 52 males

Athens Diversion Center
P.O. Box 1229
Athens, GA 30603
404/542-8628
Gist: 241-8628
Supt.: Clark Arick
Capacity 52

Atlanta Diversion Center
1566 Bankhead Highway, NW
Atlanta, GA 30318
404/792-7055
Supt.: Alexander Bullock
Capacity 40

Augusta Diversion Center
P.O. Box 5706
Augusta, GA 30906
404/790-2916
Gist: 334-2918
Supt.: Alvin Mitchell
Capacity 50

Clayton Diversion Center
P.O. Box 2283
Forest Park, GA 30051-2283
404/363-7680
Gist: 227-7680
Supt: Margaret W. McBrayer
Capacity 50 males

Cobb Diversion Center
831 N. Cobb Parkway
Marietta, GA 30062
404/528-5300
Supt.: Dennis T. Clark
Capacity 50

Columbus Diversion Center
3900 Schatulga Road
Columbus, GA 31902
404/568-2167, 68, 69
Gist: 252-2167, 68
Supt.: Bobby Lavoie
Capacity 52 males

Fulton Diversion Center
975 Memorial Drive, SE
Atlanta, GA 30316
404/656-3167
Gist: 221-3167
Supt.: Robert Rosenbloom
Capacity: 38

Gainesville Diversion Center
1195 Broad Street
Gainesville, GA 30501
404/535-5723
Gist: 261-5723
Supt.: Roger Pressley
Capacity 50

Gateway Diversion Center
1100 Sylvan Road
Atlanta, GA 30310
404/756-4611
Supt.: Arnold DePetro
Capacity 52

Griffin Diversion Center
P.O. Box 1086
Griffin, GA 30224
404/229-5841
Supt.: James Fletcher
Capacity 52

Macon Diversion Center
1232 Jeffersonville Road
Macon, GA 31201
912/751-6197
Gist: 321-6197
Supt.: R. Dennis Cook
Capacity 40

Rome Diversion Center
c/o Northwest Georgia
Regional Hospital, Bldg. 206
Rome, GA 30161
404/295-6418
Gist: 231-6418
Supt.: James H. Deal
Capacity 50

Savannah Diversion Center
P.O. Box 1087
Savannah, GA 31401
912/651-2733
Gist: 361-2733
Supt.: Raymond Rouse
Capacity: 52

Thomasville Diversion Center
P.O. Box 980
Thomasville, GA 31792
912/225-4025
Gist: 352-4025
Supt.: Rebecca Dollar
Capacity 40
Security level: Minimum

Waycross Diversion Center
P.O. Box 759
Waycross, GA 31502-0759
912/285-6028
Gist: 368-6028
Supt.: Jim Arnold
Capacity 52

Women's Diversion Center
1053 West Peachtree St.
Atlanta, GA 30309
404/894-5610
Gist: 222-5610
Supt.: Vicki Hancock
Capacity 24

Detention Centers

Central District Probation Detention Center
P.O. Box 190
Cadwell, GA 31009
912/689-4750
Supt.: Ross Gearinger

I.W. Davis Probation Detention Center
P.O. Box 730
Jefferson, GA 30549
404/367-1732, 1766
Supt.: David Gibbs

Hart County Probation Detention Center
P.O. Box 769
Hartwell, GA 30643
404/376-6999
Supt.: Corrie Byrd

Northeast District Probation Detention Center
P.O. Box 2239
Blairsville, GA 30512
404/745-3610
Supt.: Doug Gooch

Southeast District Probation Detention Center
P.O. Box 869
Claxton, GA 30417
912/739-1911
Supt.: Robert Williams

Southwest District Probation Detention Center
South Vandenberg Drive
Spence Field
P.O. Box 1080
Moultrie, GA 31768
912/890-1991
Supt.: Roger Varnadore

Western District Probation Detention Center
1019 Billy Blvd.
P.O. Box 2259
Butler, GA 31006
912/862-5853, 5851
Supt.: Lee Oxford

PROFILE OF INMATES IN PRISON AS OF JUNE 1989

TOTAL STATE PRISON POPULATION	**19,515**	
RACE		
White	6,890	35%
Nonwhite	12,625	65%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		
SEX		
Male	18,588	95%
Female	927	5%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		
RACE AND SEX		
White Male	6,570	34%
Nonwhite Male	12,018	62%
White Female	320	2%
Nonwhite Female	607	3%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		
CRIME		
Felony	19,357	99%
Misdemeanor	158	1%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		
AGE		
21 and under	1,611	8%
22 to 39	14,256	73%
40 to 54	3,060	16%
55 and over	588	3%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		
AVERAGE AGE	32.27	

I.Q.		
Less than 70	972	6%
70 and up	14,486	94%
Not Reported*	4,057	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 21% of inmates		
AVERAGE I.Q.	98.38	
SELF-REPORTED SOCIO-ECONOMIC CLASS		
Welfare	2,093	13%
Occasionally Employed	93	1%
Minimum Standard	7,199	46%
Middle Class	6,366	40%
Other	14	0%
Not Reported	3,750	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 19% of inmates		
SELF-REPORTED ENVIRONMENT TO AGE 16		
Rural (farm)	1,551	10%
Rural (non-farm)	1,032	7%
S.M.S.A.	5,679	36%
Urban	3,398	22%
Small Town	4,125	26%
Other	32	
Not Reported	3,698	23%
Total	19,515	90%
Data not reported on 19% of inmates		
SELF-REPORTED EDUCATION LEVEL		
Less than Grade 7	839	5%
Grade 7	640	4%
Grade 8	1,617	10%
Grade 9	2,195	13%
Grade 10	2,634	16%
Grade 11	2,094	12%
Grade 12	6,177	37%
More than Grade 12	681	4%
Not Reported	2,638	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 14% of inmates		
AVERAGE EDUCATION LEVEL	10.40	

FUNCTIONAL READING LEVEL (WRAT SCORES)		
Less than Grade 6	7,057	47%
Grade 6 through 8	3,815	26%
Grade 9	811	5%
Grade 10	653	4%
Grade 11	508	3%
Grade 12	1,978	13%
More than Grade 12	92	1%
Not Reported	4,601	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 24% of inmates		
AVERAGE READING SCORE	6.83	
NUMBER OF SENTENCES		
One	7,355	38%
Two	4,514	23%
Three	2,833	15%
Four	1,829	9%
Five	1,005	5%
More than Five	1,921	10%
Not Reported	58	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		
SELF-REPORTED EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT APPREHENSION		
Employed Full Time	3,998	26%
Employed Part Time	457	3%
Unemployed Recently	4,554	29%
Unemployed Long Time	6,181	39%
Never Worked	249	2%
Student	63	0%
Incapable of Work	159	1%
Not Reported	3,854	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 20% of inmates		
SELF-REPORTED MARITAL STATUS		
Single, Never Married	7,266	45%
Married	2,887	18%
Separated	1,063	7%
Divorced (Not Remarried)	1,720	11%
Widowed	280	2%
Common Law Marriage	2,841	18%
Other	6	0%
Not Reported	3,452	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 18% of inmates		

SELF-REPORTED NUMBER 0F CHILDREN		
No Children	4,264	32%
One Child	3,652	28%
Two Children	2,491	19%
Three Children	1,412	11%
Four Children	668	5%
Five Children	306	2%
More than Five	366	3%
Not Reported	6,356	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 33% of inmates		

SELF-REPORTED RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION		
Islam (Muslim)	381	3%
Catholic	670	5%
Baptist	9,857	67%
Methodist	653	4%
Episcopalian	38	0%
Presbyterian	78	1%
Church of God	160	1%
Holiness	807	5%
Jewish	16	0%
Anglican	2	0%
Greek Orthodox	0	0%
Hindu	0	0%
Buddhist	5	0%
Tadist	0	0%
Shintdist	3	0%
Seven Day Adventist	26	0%
Jehovah Whitness	67	0%
Later Day Saints	12	0%
Quaker	0	0%
Other Protestant	37	0%
None	736	5%
Other	1,175	8%
Not Reported	4,792	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 25% of inmates		

FAMILY BEHAVIOR PATTERNS**		
Criminality	2,916	26%
Alcoholism	1,410	13%
Drug Abuse	137	1%
Domineering	35	0%
Migrant	319	3%
Frequent Beatings	245	2%
Grossly Permissive	84	1%
Father Absent	5,039	45%
Mother Absent	900	8%
Other	41	0%
Not Reported	10,515	
Total	21,641	100%
Data not reported on 54% of inmates		

GUARDIAN STATUS TO AGE 16		
Orphanage	38	0%
Father Only Head	397	2%
Father with Mother Head	152	1%
Mother Only Head	5,404	34%
Mother with Father Head	7,940	50%
Other Female	427	3%
Other Male	65	0%
Step Parents	78	0%
Foster Home	228	1%
Grandparents	1,091	7%
Other	95	1%
Not Reported	3,600	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 18% of inmates		

CRIMES BY GROUP		
Homicide	2,992	15%
Abortion	0	0%
Bodily Injury and Related Offenses	2,089	11%
Arson and Related Offenses	160	1%
Damage of Property	38	0%
Burglary and Related Offenses	2,741	14%
Forgery and Related Offenses	523	3%
Theft	1,109	6%
Robbery	3,879	20%
Sexual Offenses	2,189	11%
Obscenity Crimes	0	0%
Treason and Related Offenses	1	0%
Crimes Involving Government	33	0%
Falsifications	4	0%
Obstruction of Law	52	0%
Disorderly Conduct	5	0%
Gambling and Related Offenses	1	0%
Cruelty to Children	92	0%
Crimes With Guns	99	1%
Invasion of Privacy	11	0%
Racketeering	14	0%
Drug Abuse Offenses	2,173	11%
Drug Trafficking	539	3%
Auto Crimes	561	3%
Revenue and Contraband	0	0%
Miscellaneous Felonies	60	0%
Misdemeanors	150	1%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		

SECURITY STATUS		
Trusty	516	3%
Minumum Supervision	3,352	17%
Medium Supervision	6,448	33%
Close Supervision	5,128	26%
Maximum Supervision	777	4%
Diagnostic	3,294	17%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		

MOST FREQUENT CRIMES***		
Burglary (F)	2,701	14%
Armed Robbery (F)	2,387	12%
Murder (F)	2,040	10%
Aggravated Assault (F)	1,421	7%
Robbery (F)	1,358	7%
Rape (F)	1,069	5%
Possession Opiates, Narcotics (F)	814	4%
Voluntary Manslaughter (F)	756	4%
Violate Georgia Control Substance	588	3%
Child Molesting (F)	530	3%
Forgery, First Degree (F)	477	2%
Habitual Traffic Violation (F)	463	2%
Sale, Dist of Opiates, Narcotics (F)	461	2%
Kidnapping (F)	401	2%
Theft by Taking (F)	345	2%
All Other Felonies	3,546	18%
Misdemeanors	278	1%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,635	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		

* Some categories contain large numbers of "Not Reported" responses. The percentages listed by each category are the true estimates for the entire inmate population since the "Not Reported" category is disregarded when computing these percentages. The percentage of inmates with unreported data is provided to give some idea as to the quantity of unreported data.

** Since behavior problems, not inmates, are counted, there may be more than one behavior code assigned to an inmate. Therefore, the total number of cases, both reported and not reported, may exceed the total inmate population.

***(F) denotes a Felony.

Source: Inmate Statistical Profile
Statistics Unit-Office of Evaluation and Statistics

Bobby K. Whitworth, Commissioner
Georgia Department of Corrections
2 Martin Luther King Jr. Dr., SE
Suite 856, East Tower
Atlanta, Georgia 30334

Information: (404)656-4593
TTY Number for the Hearing Impaired: 656-5467
Facsmile Machine: 656-6694

Cost Quantity
$1,450.00 800